# Introduction to County Budgeting

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### What is a county budget?

- A policy document adopted by resolution by BOCC
- Reflection of anticipated revenues and expenses
- A roadmap of how county will provide essential county services
- A promise to the public





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## **Evaluating Budget Priorities**

- What is the overall financial health of the county?
- Is the service mandated?
- Will it create efficiencies?
- Will it require more staffing?
- Does it have a dedicated revenue source?
- Will it be a one-time expense or an ongoing epense?
- Does it meet current and future growth projections?



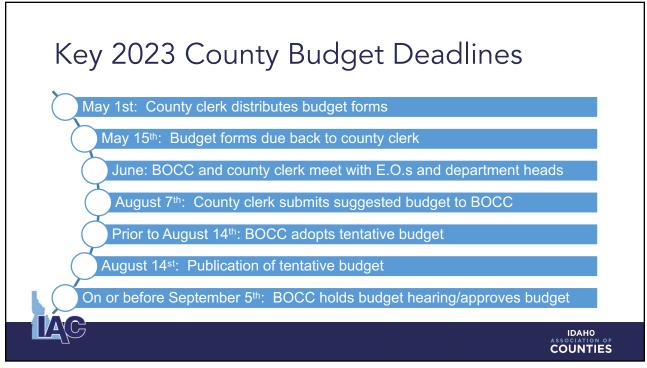
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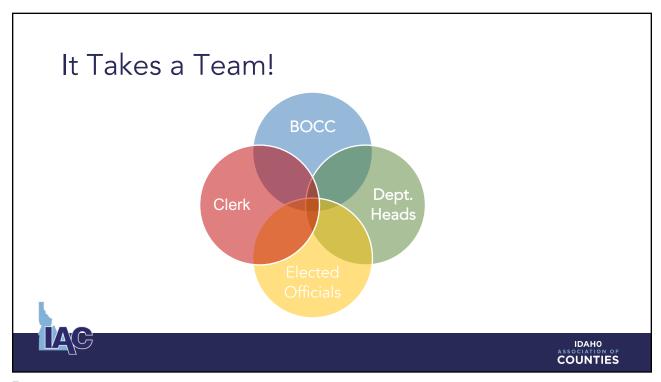
## 2024 Budget Considerations

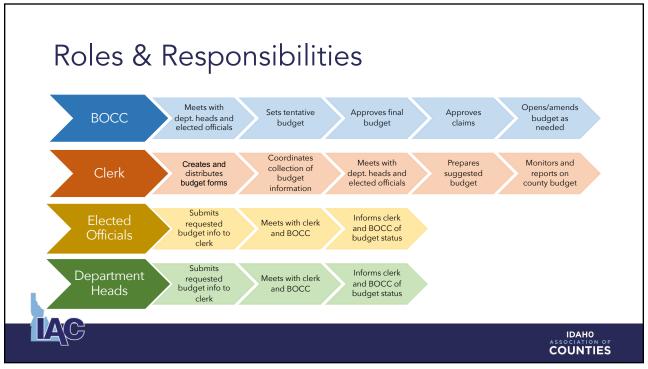
- What's up with the economy
- Revenue sharing growth (<sup>6</sup> or <sup>6</sup>
- Employee recruitment and retention
- 2<sup>nd</sup> payment of Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund (LACTF)
- Local transportation funding enhancements:
  - TECM (ongoing and growing)
  - State general fund appropriations (ongoing 6)
  - Leading Idaho Local Bridge Program (LHTAC)
  - Strategic Initiatives Local Grant Program (ITD)

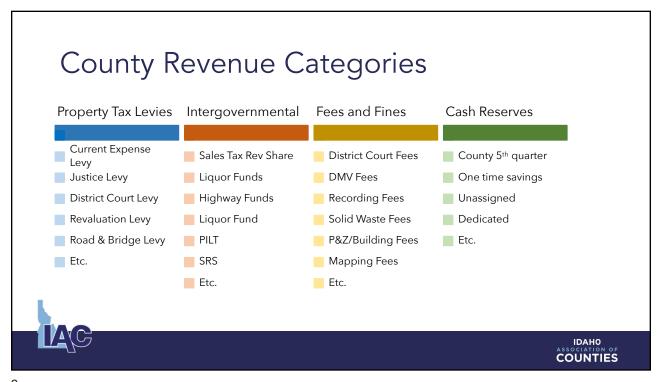


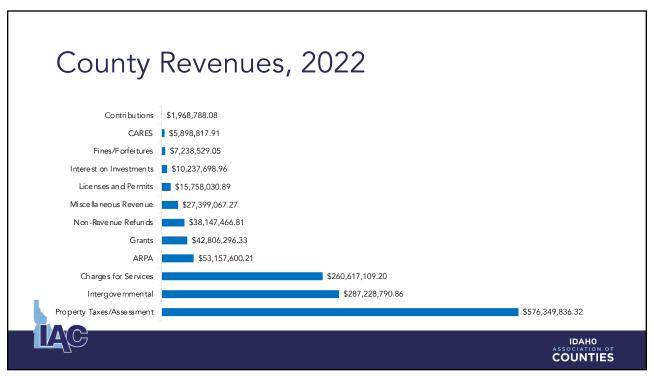


County Budget Development Terms Suggested Budget County clerk's budget recommendation showing anticipated April - May I.C. §31-1603 revenues and expenditures for the ensuing budget year Tentative Budget BOCC's modifications to suggested budget which sets the I.C. §31-1604 June - July expenditure and revenue ceiling for the final approved budget Approved Budget Final budget adopted by BOCC establishing expenditure limits and I.C. §31-1605 Aug - Sept. estimated revenues for the ensuring budget year IDAHO COUNTIES









### General vs Dedicated Revenues

#### General Revenues

- Non restricted funds that can be used for any general purpose
- Examples:
  - Sales Tax Revenue Sharing
  - PILT
  - Wind and Solar Tax
  - ARPA LATCF

#### **Dedicated Revenues**

- Restricted funds that can only be used for specific purposes
- Examples
  - Highway User Revenue
  - District Court Fees
  - Enterprise Fees
  - SRS

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## A Note on Property Taxes

- Budget Caps
  - Base property tax budget cannot increase by more the 3%. + new construction
  - Base property tax budget increase + new construction cannot exceed 8%
  - Base property tax budget may increase by another 1% if forgone property tax is available
  - A one-time property tax budget of 3% for capital projects if forgone property tax is available (not included in base property tax budget)
- Levy Caps
  - Each levied fund has a statutory limit
  - A county may not levy above statutory levy caps



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#### A Note on Fees

- Statutory Fees
  - Set by Idaho Code
    - Court fees
    - Driver license fees
    - Recording fees
- County Fees
  - Set by BOCC
  - Must be related to and not exceed actual cost of providing service (Idaho Code §31-870)
    - Solid waste fees
    - Vehicle registration and title fees
    - P&Z, building, development fees



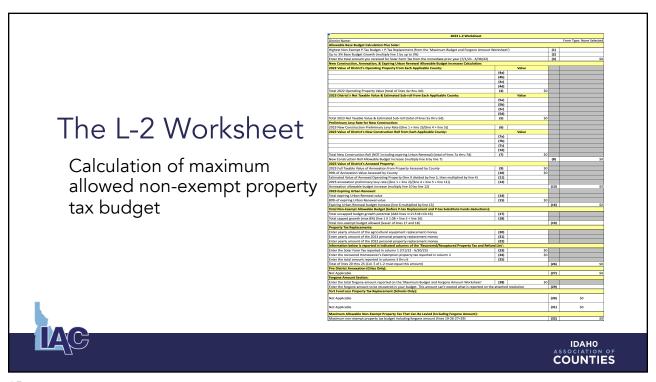
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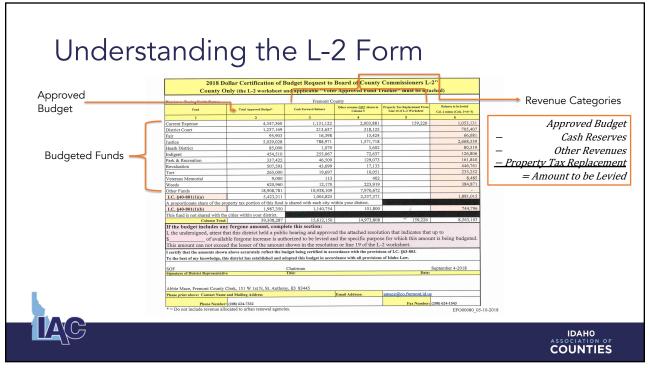
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# A Note on Intergovernmental Revenues

- Example of federal intergovernmental revenues:
  - PILT county only, general use
  - SRS county, highway district, and school district, dedicated use
- Examples of state intergovernmental revenues:
  - Sales Tax
    - Revenue sharing general use
    - Property tax replacement general use
    - Election fund dedicated use
  - Liquor Fund 50/50 general/dedicated use
  - Highway User Revenue dedicated use







# Examples of County Budget Funds

- General or Current Expense
- Airport
- Ambulance
- Ad Valorem (Revaluation)
- Justice
- Ignition Interlock
- District Court
- Election Consolidation
- Fairgrounds and Buildings

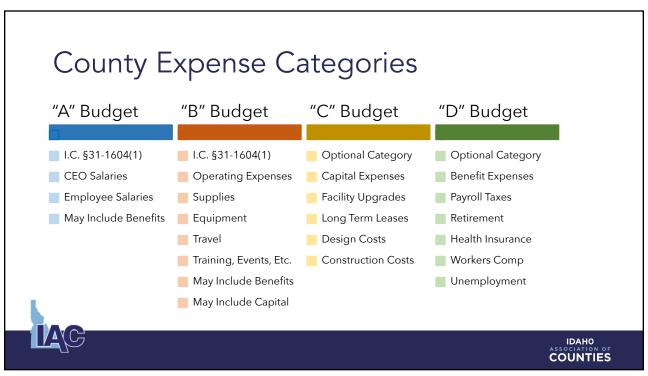
- Health District
- Historical Society
- Charity (Indigent)
- Trusts
- Drug Court
- Road & Bridge
- Community College
- Parks & Recreation
- Pest Control

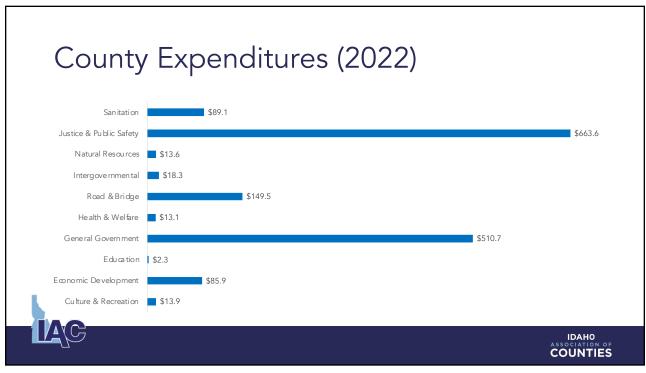
- Snowmobile
- Solid Waste
- Ton
- Veterans' Memorial
- Waterways
- Noxious Weed
- 911 Emergency Communications
- EMS
- Enterprise Funds



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## **Elected Official Salaries**

- What is in the budget is "full compensation" for their service
- Not to be raised or lowered during the fiscal year
- No bonuses and no reductions other than as required by law
- Evaluate current needs: does compensation match current responsibilities?
- IAC Annual Salary Survey: <a href="https://idcounties.org/iac-salary-survey/">https://idcounties.org/iac-salary-survey/</a>
- Idaho Code §32-3101, §31-3106, and §31-816



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## Budgeted Reserves and Emergencies

- BOCC may make general reserve appropriations, not to exceed 5% of the Current Expense and Justice Fund Budget (Idaho Code §31-1605 and §63-805)
- Emergency expenditures may be made by unanimous resolution of the BOCC (Idaho Code § 31-1608)
  - May use any and all funds in the county treasury
  - May incur debt to address emergency



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# The Basics of Managing the Budget

#1

You have a fiduciary responsibility to safeguard public funds

#2

Expenditures cannot exceed revenues

#3

Budget amendments must be done in public and follow the law

#4

Appropriations are year-to-year

#5

You cannot transfer levied funds to another fund (I.C. §31-1508)

#6

Communicate, communicate, communicate



# Reality Check



Your department's/office's ability to spend is limited by the budget



Budgets are subject to unforeseen obligations out of your control



Property taxes cannot be increased mid budget year



If it isn't in your budget, you can't spend it (unanticipated revenue)



Just because it is in your budget doesn't mean you can spend it



Cooperation among county officials is essential



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# Claims Against the County

- BOCC to examine, settle, and allow legal claims against the county (Idaho Code §31-809)
- Claims must be accompanied by receipt (Idaho Code §31-1501)
- Claims must be submitted within one year (Idaho Code §31-1501)
- BOCC approves checklist of allowed bills/claims (Idaho Code § 31-1502)
- Treasurer to only issues warrants (checks) for allowed bills/claims



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# County Procurement Policies

- BOCC may adopt procurement policies (Idaho Code §31-714)
  - Procurement thresholds/limits
  - Preapproval for large purchases (vehicles, equipment, software, etc.)
- No bid required for purchase of services or personal property if less than \$75,000 (Idaho Code §67-2806)
- No bid required for public works purchases if less than \$50,000



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Each and every county official or employee shall be limited in making expenditures or the incurring of liabilities to the respective amounts of such appropriations and is liable to county for excess expenditures (Idaho Code §31-1606, §31-1607).



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## Government Accounting: GASB

- What is GASB?
  - Government Accounting Standards Board establishes accounting reporting standards at the state and local level (Idaho Code §31-1509)
  - GASB's purpose is to assist governing bodies to evaluate their operation and provide the public with easier to read reports due to the standardization of reporting
  - Each department must keep track of all assets/inventory according to the county policy
  - Key component of annual audit



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### **Annual Audits**

- The county must have an annual audit performed by outside auditors (Idaho Code §31-1701)
- Annual audit must be performed by June 1st (Idaho Code §67-450B)
- Annual audit must be published within 30 days of completion (Idaho Code §31-819)
- Other possible audits by outside auditors:
  - Waterways/Snowmobile
  - Grants
  - PERSI
  - Worker's Compensation



## Local Government Transparency

- Central registry and reporting portal requirements for counties (Idaho Code §67-1076):
  - Due December 1st of each year
  - Administrative information (governing board, contact info, fiscal year, etc.)
  - Financial information (most recently adopted budget, unaudited comparison of budget to actual for prior fiscal year, date of last audit, most recent audit)
  - Local Transparent Idaho now has county budget and fund balance information (all local governments must go live by 2025)

#### https://localtransparency.idaho.gov:





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## Checks and Balances

- Role of the Board of County Commissioners
  - Idaho Code §31-809: Examine and audit accounts
  - Idaho Code §31-1701: Full and complete external audit
  - Idaho Code §31-810: Examine and settle allowable claims
- Role of the County Clerk/Auditor
  - Idaho Code §31-1602: Ensure budget compliance
  - Idaho Code §31-1611: Quarterly financial statements to BOCC
  - Idaho Code §31-1511: Jointly issue and sign warrants with the county treasurer
  - Idaho Code §31-2304: Keep accounts current with the county treasurer
- Role of the County Treasurer
  - Idaho Code §31-2113: Detailed report to BOCC
  - Idaho Code §31-2112: Monthly/annual settlement of accounts
  - Idaho Code §31-1511: Jointly issue and sign "warrants" (or checks) with the clerk/auditor





### Fraud Risks

- Credit card use monitor use and identify misuse of public funds (Idaho Code §18-5701, Idaho Code)
- Borrowing lunch money from a cash drawer
- Easy/unsupervised access to petty cash
- Pocketing cash as it comes in
- Accounts payable watch for fake invoices or companies, double billing, etc.



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### Fraud Prevention

- Make sure your county has adopted formal internal controls
- Make sure to comply with annual outside audit and other financial reporting requirements
- Follow recommendations of outside auditor
- Develop, adopt, and update county policies to prevent fraud (credit card policy, travel policy, county vehicle use policy, establish internal financial controls, etc.)



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