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Counties and the State

Judiciary

- Supreme Court
- Administrative Office of the Court (AOC)
- District Court
- Magistrate Court

Executive

- Governor
- Executive Branch Agencies
- State Controller
- State Treasurer
- Attorney General

Legislative

- Legislature
- Legislative Committees
- Legislative Services Office





Counties & Executive Branch













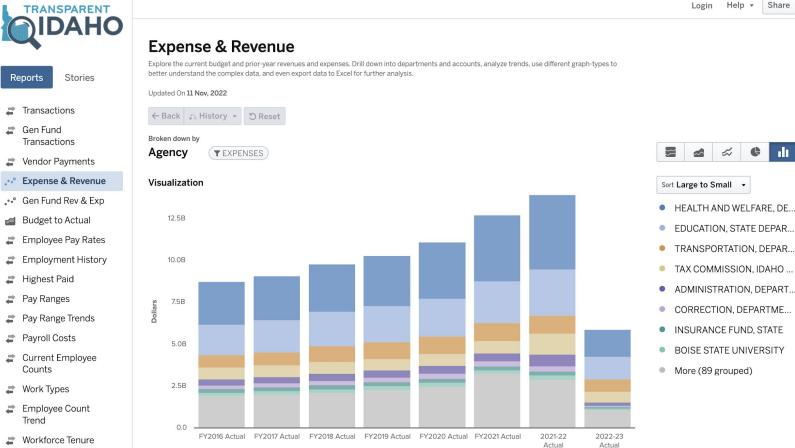








Transparent Idaho



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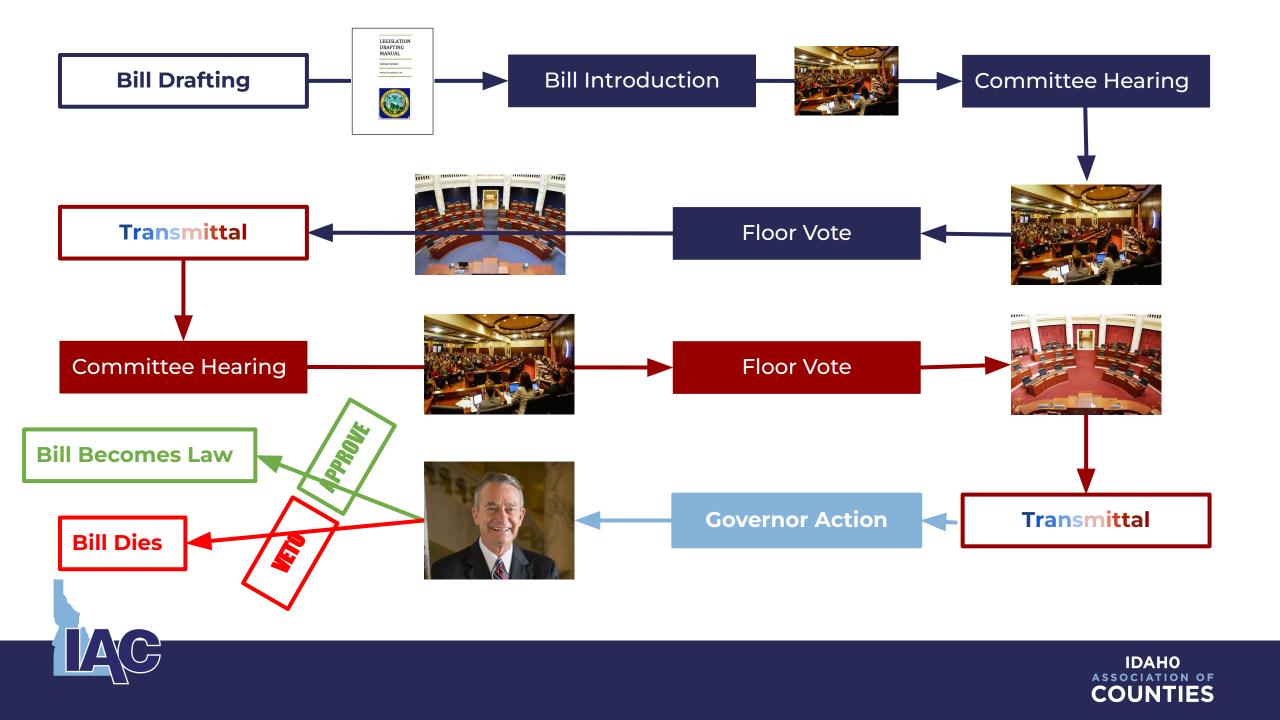
Counties & Judiciary



- Administrative Office of the Courts
- District, magistrate, and specialty courts
- Administrative district judge (ADJ), district judges, magistrate judges
- Law clerks
- Trial court administrator (TCA)
- Facilities, equipment, and personnel
- Juries
- Court security
- Juvenile services
- Adult misdemeanor probation and pre trial services







Local Units of Government

- Counties
- Cities
- School districts
- Special purpose districts
- What are the differences?





General Purpose Local Governments

- Counties and cities are general purpose governments
- Cities and counties have law making powers and perform various government functions
- The board of county commissioners sets laws/regulations for unincorporated county
- The city council sets laws/regulations for incorporated city
- Doctrine of separate sovereignty: county laws apply outside of city, city law apply inside of city
- Area of city impact planning

Every Idahoan lives in a county, not necessarily in a city



Special Purpose Governments

- Perform only a single government function
- Created by will of people
- Examples:
 - Cemetery districts
 - Community college districts
 - Fire districts
 - Highway districts
 - Recreation districts
 - Water and/or sewer districts





Intergovernmental Partners





Idaho Public Health Districts







