



## INTERNET FOR ALL

FUNDED BY THE BIPARTISAN INFRASTRUCTURE LAW

ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE'S NATIONAL
TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION



SEPTEMBER 2022



# NTIA will administer ~\$48B through four programs that drive high-speed Internet access, affordability, and adoption

## NTIA will administer ~\$48B of funding from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

**BEAD** 

\$42.45B

# Broadband Equity, Access & Deployment Program

A program to get all Americans online by funding partnerships between states or territories, communities, and stakeholders to build infrastructure where we need it to and increase adoption of high-speed Internet. DIGITAL EQUITY

\$2.75B

#### **Digital Equity Act**

Three programs that provide funding to promote digital inclusion and advance equity for all. They aim to ensure that all communities can access and use affordable, reliable high-speed Internet to meet their needs and improve their lives.

**TRIBAL** 

\$2.00B

## **Tribal Connectivity Technical Amendments**

A program to help tribal communities expand highspeed Internet access and adoption on tribal lands. MIDDLE MILE

\$1.00B

## Enabling Middle Mile Broadband Infrastructure

A program to expand middle mile infrastructure, to reduce the cost of connecting unserved and underserved areas.

#### FCC to administer \$14.2B

For Affordable Connectivity
Program, which replaced the
EBB program

#### **USDA** to administer \$2.0B

Via the Rural Utilities Service

#### **Private Activity Bonds \$0.6B**

Authorizes State and local governments to use private activity bonds for rural broadband





# BEAD program will provide ~\$42.45B for infrastructure planning and implementation

## Funding pool \$42.45B

A program to get all Americans online by funding partnerships between states or territories, communities, and stakeholders to build infrastructure where we need it to and increase adoption of high-speed Internet.

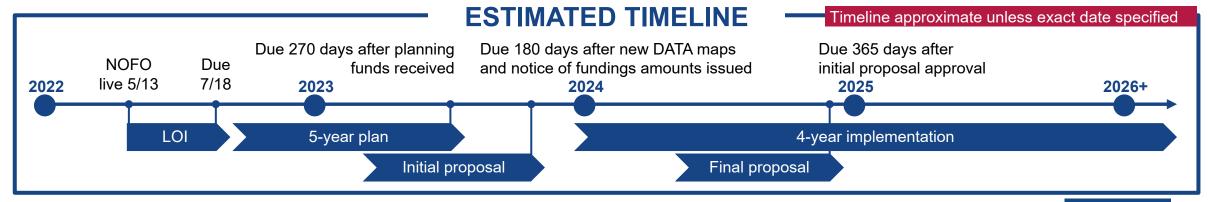
### **PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS**

### Entities eligible to apply for this program include:

- All 50 States
- The District of Columbia and Puerto Rico
- Other Territories: U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

### **Example eligible uses of funds include:**

- Planning for deployment of Internet
- Deploying or upgrading Internet
- Installing
  Internet in
  multi-tenant
  buildings
- Implementing adoption and digital equity programs
- Workforce and job training







## BEAD will prioritize Complete coverage of unserved locations and underserved locations (where funding permits), then CAIs





### First, Eligible Entities must serve all unserved locations (incl. serving multi-tenant buildings)



**Unserved locations** without reliable Internet and with download speeds <25 Mbps, upload speeds <3 Mbps, and latency < 100ms



### Second, Eligible Entities must serve all underserved locations



**Underserved locations** without reliable Internet and with download speeds <100 Mbps, upload speeds <20 Mbps, and latency <100 ms

### Next, NTIA strongly urges Eligible Entities serve Eligible Community Anchor Institutions



- Eligible Community Anchor Institutions are entities (e.g., school, library, hospital) that facilitate greater use of high-speed Internet service by vulnerable populations and have download speed <1 Gbps
- Other eligible uses include affordability programs, cybersecurity training, workforce development., etc.
- If an Eligible Entity wants to use funds for other eligible uses instead of eligible Community Anchor Institutions, then it must provide a strong rationale







## Contact Information

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